

Flood information for Arnold Creek at Melton West





For flood emergency assistance call VICSES on 132 500







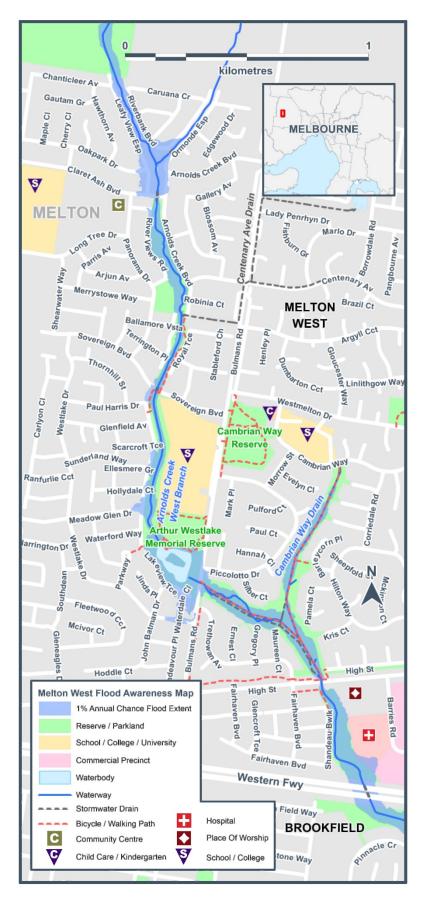
Reviewed: 1 June 2020

Melton West

Melton West is a suburb in the City of Melton located approximately 40 kilometres west of Melbourne's Central Business District. Melton West sits within the Werribee River catchment that also includes sections of Toolern, Djerriwarrh, Yangardook, Arnold and Little Blind Creeks. These flow from the north towards the south and connect into the Werribee River south of Melton, which then flows down through Werribee and into Port Phillip Bay.

Melton West is bordered by the Arnold Creek (west branch) and Arnold Creek (east branch). Brookfield is located on the western edge of Arnolds Creek, where the two branches meet and become one creek.

The following map shows the potential flooding in Melton West and Brookfield in the event of a 1% flood. A 1% flood means that there is a 1% chance of flooding this size occurring in any one year.



Disclaimer

This map publication is presented by Victoria State Emergency Service for the purpose of disseminating emergency management information. The contents of the information have not been independently verified by Victoria State Emergency Service. No liability is accepted for any damage, loss or injury caused by errors or omissions in this information or for any action taken by any person in reliance upon it. Flood information is provided by Melbourne Water



Are you at risk of flood?

Melton West and Brookfield can be affected by flooding from the Arnold Creek or by heavy rainfall overwhelming local drainage systems. Flash flooding is caused by heavy rainfall, usually associated with severe storms causing local waterways and drains to overflow. Flash flooding can occur with little warning, lasts a short period of time but can leave severe localised damage.



In Melton West, this heavy rainfall can lead to flash flooding in residential areas and in low-lying areas close to the Creeks. Areas at risk of flooding include:

MELTON WEST		BROOKFIELD
Bulmans Road	Meadow Glen Drive	Black Dog Drive
Claret Ash Boulevard	Minns Road	Keating Street
Coburns Road	River Views Road	Menzies Grove
Lakeview Terrace	Riverbank Boulevard	Scullin Street
Leafy View Esplanade	Stanford Terrace	Village Drive

Community infrastructure that may be impacted due to flood waters include:

- Access to Brookfield Retirement Village may be cut off due to roads flooding
- Bus Route 455 on Coburns Road
- Bus Route 458 on Barries Road



No two floods are the same. Floods like this or worse could occur again.

If you live in a low-lying area you may be at risk of flooding or need to detour around flooded areas.

Knowing what to do can save your life and help protect your property

Did you know?

- In September 2016, heavy overnight rain averaging 34 millimetres across the Werribee River Catchment caused the closure of numerous roads n Melton and Moorabool and resulted in several properties being damaged by flood waters. The McKenzie Street Bridge was also flooded with water levels in parts of the Werribee River exceeding two metres depth.
- In January 2011, heavy rainfall totals in the range of 130 150 millimetres occurred across the Melton City Council area over a two day period. This caused flash flooding in the area with the SES Melton Unit responding to approximately 100 requests for assistance, with the majority related to flash flooding and building damage. Road closures included Minns Road, Sinclairs Road, Benson Road, Nixon Road and

Bulmans Road which were all closed for over 24 hours and in some cases several days. A number of creek crossings were also impacted with the most significant damage being at Weir Road.



Minns Road, September 14, 2016



Staying Informed and Further Information

 Current warnings (VicEmergency) 	emergency.vic.gov.au	1800 226 226
 Bureau of Meteorology (BoM) 	bom.gov.au/vic/warnings	1300 659 217
VicRoads Traffic	traffic.vicroads.vic.gov.au	
Emergency Broadcasters	ABC 774 SKY NEWS Television 3AW 693 AM	Life-threatening Emergency 000
VICSES Social Media	facebook.com/vicses twitter.com/vicsesnews	
SES Melton Unit	facebook.com/vicsesmelton	
Preparing for Flood Emergencies	ses.vic.gov.au/get-ready	
Creating an Emergency Plan	redcross.org.au/prepare	
Melbourne Water	melbournewater.com.au	131 722
City of Melton	melton.vic.gov.au	9747 7200



Flood warnings and emergency checklist

A **Flood Watch** means there is a developing weather pattern that might cause floods in one or two days. This service covers the whole state.

A **Flood Warning** means flooding is about to happen or is already happening. There are minor, moderate and major flood warnings. This service is only available where flood warning systems are in place.

A Minor Flood Warning means floodwater can:	A Moderate Flood Warning means floodwater can:	A Major Flood Warning means floodwater can:
Spill over river banks and cover nearby low lying areas.	Spill over river banks and cover larger areas of land.	Cause widespread flooding.
Come up through drains in nearby streets.	Reach above floor levels in some houses and buildings.	Many houses and businesses are inundated above floor level.
Require the removal of stock in some cases.	Require evacuation in some areas.	Cause properties and whole areas to be isolated by water.
Cover riverside camping areas and affect some low-lying caravan parks.	Affect traffic routes.	Closes major roads and rail routes.
Cover minor roads paths, tracks and low level bridges.	Require the removal of stock in rural areas.	Require many evacuations.
Affect backyards and buildings below floor level.		Affect utility services (power, water, sewage etc).

Severe Thunderstorm Warnings

Thunderstorms are classified as severe when there is potential to cause significant localised damage through wind gusts, large hail, tornadoes or flash flooding. Severe Thunderstorm Warnings are issued to the community by BoM.

Severe Weather Warnings

These warnings are issued to the community by BoM when severe weather is expected that is not directly related to severe thunderstorms or bushfires. Examples of severe weather include damaging winds and flash flooding.

Flash Flooding

- Flash Flooding can occur quickly due to heavy rainfall. You may not receive an official warning.
- Stay informed- monitor weather warnings, forecasts and river levels at the <u>BoM website</u> and warnings through <u>VicEmergency</u>.



VICSES Warnings

VICSES utilises the VicEmergency app, website and hotline to distribute flood warnings and emergency information in Victoria. Communities can also access this information through VICSES social media channels and emergency broadcasters.

VICSES warnings aim to provide you with information to help you make good decisions to protect yourself and your family

The warning level is based on severity, conditions and the likelihood that the emergency could impact on the community.

WARNING LEVELS		
	EMERGENCY WARNING You are in imminent danger and need to take action immediately. You will be impacted. A Major flood warning usually fits into this category	
	WARNING (WATCH AND ACT) An emergency is developing nearby. You need to take action now to protect yourself and others. A Moderate flood warning usually fits into this category.	
<u>i</u>	ADVICE An incident is occurring or has occurred in the area. Access information and monitor conditions.	
	Can also be used as a notification that activity in the area has subsided and is no longer a danger to you. A Minor flood warning or Flood Watch usually fits into this category.	

ADDITIONAL MESSAGES		
	PREPARE TO EVACUATE/ EVACUATE NOW An evacuation is recommended or procedures are in place to evacuate.	
ð	COMMUNITY INFORMATION A newsletter containing updates for communities affected by an emergency. Can also be used as a notification that an incident has occurred but there is no threat to community.	
EMERGENCY ALERT. BE WARNED. BE INFORMED.	EMERGENCY ALERT During some emergencies, we may alert communities by sounding a local siren, or by sending an SMS to mobile phones or a voice message to landlines.	

Your emergency plan

Emergencies can happen at any time and with little warning. People who plan and prepare for emergencies can reduce the impact and recover faster.

Taking the time to think about emergencies and make your own plan helps you think clearly, have more control and make better decisions when an emergency occurs.



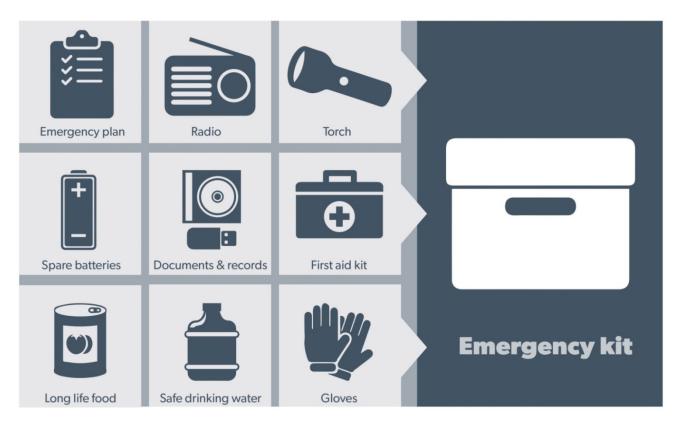
Visit <u>redcross.org.au/prepare</u> start creating your plan.

- Remember, you may not receive any official warning.
- Emergency assistance may not be immediately available.
 Be aware of what is happening around you to stay safe.
- Never wait for a warning to act.



Emergency Kit

Visit Emergency Toolkit for more information



Every home and business should have a basic emergency kit with supplies for 3 days:



Check your kit often. Make sure things work. Replace out of date items.

When a warning is issued, have ready for use or pack into your kit: I need to add:

Write your list here. Tick items as you pack them into your kit.

Special needs (eg, babies, elderly and people with a disability)	
Photos	
Family keepsakes	
Valuables	
Other	



Emergency Checklist

- □ Check if your insurance policy covers flooding.
- □ Keep this list of emergency numbers in your mobile phone.
- Download the Vic Emergency app on your mobile phone.
- □ Put together an emergency kit and prepare a home or business.
- Emergency plan, see <u>https://www.redcross.org.au/prepare</u>

Before Flooding

- □ Leaving early before flooding occurs is always the safest option. Evacuating through floodwater is very dangerous and you may be swept away.
- □ Stay informed- monitor weather warnings, forecasts and river levels at the <u>http://www.bom.gov.au</u> and warnings through <u>www.emergency.vic.gov.au</u>
- □ Secure objects likely to float and cause damage.
- □ Listen to the radio and check the VICSES website for information and advice.
- □ Go over your emergency plan. Pack clothing and other extra items into your emergency kit and take this with you if you evacuate.

During Flooding

- □ Make sure your family members and neighbours are aware of what is happening.
- □ Conditions change rapidly; roads and escape routes can be covered or blocked.
- □ Put household valuables and electrical items as high as possible.
- □ Turn off water, gas and electricity at the mains.
- □ If you are staying in a caravan, move to higher ground before flooding begins.
- □ Seek shelter indoors, away from floodwater.
- □ If floodwater comes inside, move to a higher point such as a kitchen bench or second storey.
- □ Stay away from trees, drains, low-lying areas, creeks, canals, culverts and floodwater.

Evacuating in Flooding

- □ Flood water is dangerous. Never enter floodwater. It can take just 15cm of water to float a car.
- □ Find alternative travel routes if roads or underpasses are flooded.
- □ Be aware of driving hazards, such as mud, debris, damaged roads and fallen trees. If driving conditions are dangerous, safely pull over away from trees, drains and floodwater.

After Flooding

- □ For recovery information, contact your local council, go to the VicEmergency Relief and Recovery-<u>emergency.vic.gov.au/Relief</u> page or call the VicEmergency Hotline (1800 226 226).
- □ Have all electrical and gas equipment professionally tested before use.
- □ Stay away from damaged and flooded buildings, fallen trees and powerlines and damaged roads until authorities advise it is safe to do so.
- Drive slowly, obey all road signs and never drive through floodwater.
- □ When cleaning, protect your health and safety. Wear strong boots, gloves and protective clothing and wash your hands and clothes regularly.

For VICSES emergency assistance, call **132 500**, or **Triple Zero (000)** in life threatening emergencies.

